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Endometriosis can be difficult to diagnose, so your gynaecologist will need your help if s/he is to build up a useful picture of your symptoms.

Completing this questionnaire before your first appointment will give you time to think carefully about the questions you might get asked and to provide accurate answers. The answers you provide will contribute to develop an accurate diagnosis – and treatment plan.

Take the completed questionnaire with you to your appointment, so you have it on hand as a checklist. You may also want to give the gynaecologist a copy of the completed questionnaire.

Instructions

Most of the questions require you to indicate the answer or answers that apply to you. Do this by circling or ticking the most appropriate answer(s).

Other questions require you to insert a number or to write some information in the space provided.

Answer the questions as honestly and comprehensively as you can, even if answering a question about a symptom, such as painful intercourse, is embarrassing. The more information the gynaecologist has, the better s/he can help you.

Pain severity

Honestly indicating the severity of your pain can help the gynaecologist build up a picture of your symptoms and their impact. You can indicate the severity of your pain by

- using one of the following adjectives: mild, moderate, severe, or excruciating
- · choosing your own words
- using Andrea Mankoski's Pain Scale, which is inserted on page 7.

Describing pain

Describing your pain can help the gynaecologist understand the type of pain you are experiencing and the cause of that pain. You can describe your pain by

- choosing any of the following words: burning, stabbing, gnawing, cramping, jabbing, throbbing, cold, sharp, aching, and pressure
- · choosing your own words.

Days in pain

Pain is something that most of us feel, and when it is gone we do our best to forget about it afterwards. As a result, we tend not to be very good at accurately remembering the frequency and severity of our pain over the previous month or so.

Keeping a pain diary for 1–3 months can be a good way of providing the gynaecologist with a reliable record of your pain. You can record your pain by:

- using the daily pain diary provided as suggested on page 7
- · creating or using a similar chart
- using the diary provided at www.reliefinsite.com.



Basic questions	Your responses		
How old were you when your periods started?	I was years old		
When was your most recent menstrual period?	My most recent period was weeks and days ago		
For how long do your periods typically last?	My periods typically last fo	or days	
How heavy are your periods?	Heavy Medium Light		
How many pads and/or tampons do you use with each period?	I use pads and/or	tampons each period	
Do you have bleeding or spotting between periods?	□ Yes □ No		
Do you have a brownish discharge before your period starts?	□ Yes □ No		
Do your menstrual periods occur regularly or irregularly?	☐ Menstrual cycles are regular and occur every days		
A menstrual period is from the first day of one period to the first day of the next	☐ Menstrual cycles are irregular and can be as short as days or as long as days		
What medications, birth control pills, hormones, and/or supplements do you take on a regular basis?	Medications	Strength and frequency	
Also, note their strength and how often you take them			
Have any of your relatives (sister, mother, aunt, cousin, grandmother) had endometriosis?	□ Yes □ No •		
	If yes, who?		
What illnesses (including sexually-transmitted diseases) and surgeries have you have had?	Illnesses / surgeries	Age at the time	
How old you were when you had the illness or surgery?			
Please list any allergies you have or have had			
Are there any major illnesses and diseases in your immediate family?	Type of illness	Who?	

Do you use tobacco? If yes, how much and how often do you use it?	□ Yes □ No
in yes, now much and now often do you use it:	How much? How often?
Do you drink alcohol? If yes, how much and how often do you drink?	□ Yes □ No ◆
	How much? How often?
Do you or have you ever used illegal drugs? If yes, how much and how often do you use them?	□ Yes □ No ◆
	How much? How often?

Period pain questions	Your responses		
Do you have pain with your periods?	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes ↓ ↓		
	Pain started when I was years old		
	Pain lasts hours days		
	Severity of my pain is		
	Words that best describe my pain are:		
	Also have pain for days before my period starts		
Where is your period pain?	□ Pain felt in entire abdomen		
	□ Pain felt in part of abdomen		
	□ Pain felt in lower back		
	□ Pain felt in thighs and legs		
	□ Pain felt elsewhere, please specify		
Is your period pain accompanied by other	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes		
symptoms?	Ψ Ψ		
	□ Nausea and/or vomiting		
	□ Constipation and/or diarrhoea		
	□ Fatigue		
	☐ Other symptoms, please specify:		

Is your period pain getting worse?	□ Period pain is getting much worse		
From the time the pain started until now, has your	□ Period pain is getting somewhat worse		
period pain got worse?	□ Period pain is about the	same as previously	
	□ Period pain is getting so	mewhat better	
	□ Period pain is getting m	uch better	
What effect does your period pain have on your	□ Pain keeps me in bed		
life?	□ Pain stops me going to	school and/or work	
	□ Pain stops me going out	t with family and friends	
	☐ Period pain stops me ex	ercising and doing sport	
	□ Period pain wakes me up at night		
List all the medications you have taken or are taking to try to relieve your period pain and note whether they were effective or not List both over-the-counter and prescription medications	Medications used	Effectiveness?	
List any alternative methods you have used or are using to relieve your period pain and note whether they were effective or not These may include (but are not limited to) acupuncture, chiropractic medicine, traditional Chinese medicine, biofeedback, reflexology, nutritional therapy, herbs, supplements, etc)	Therapies tried	Effectiveness?	

Specific pain questions	Your responses	
Do you have pain during or after sexual intercourse?	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes ◆ ◆	
When talking with your doctor about pain with intercourse, be open and honest about the pain.	□ Pain felt with all intercourse	
Don't withhold information about painful intercourse because of embarrassment: the doctor needs the information to help diagnose your condition.	 □ Pain felt with certain sexual positions □ Pain worse with deep penetration □ Pain felt during orgasm 	
	□ Pain felt after orgasm Pain started when I was years Severity of my pain is	
	Words that best describe my pain are:	

Do you have bowel symptoms?	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes
Many women with endometriosis have bowel symptoms, such as painful bowel movements, rectal pain, constipation and/or diarrhoea, and blood in the stools. Don't withhold information about bowel symptoms because of embarrassment: the doctor needs the information to help diagnose your condition.	
Do you have pelvic pain at times other than during your periods? Some women with endometriosis have intermittent or continuous pelvic pain at various times during their menstrual cycle, including during ovulation. Tell your doctor about any pelvic pain you experience.	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes ↓ ↓ Pain felt (where) Pain felt (when) Pain started when I was years Severity of my pain is Words that best describe my pain are:
Do you have pelvic pain with physical exercise? Some women with endometriosis feel more pain during physical exercise. The pain may be also more severe during your periods.	□ Yes □ No □ Sometimes ↓ ↓ □ Pain with exercise is worse during menstruation Pain started when I was years Severity of my pain is Words that best describe my pain are:

General pain questions	Your responses	
How bad is your pain now?		
How many days each month do you have pain?	Pain other than period pain felt fordays a month	
Is your pain (other than period pain) getting worse?	□ Pain is getting much worse □ Pain is getting somewhat worse	
From the time the pain started until now, has it got worse?	☐ Pain is about the same as previously ☐ Pain is getting somewhat better	
	□ Pain is getting much better	

What effect does your pain (other than period pain) have on your life?	 □ Pain keeps me in bed □ Pain stops me going to school and/or work □ Pain stops me going out with family and friends □ Pain stops me exercising and doing sport □ Pain wakes me up at night 	
List all the medications you have taken to try to alleviate your pain (other than period pain) and note whether they were effective or not? List all the over-the-counter and prescription medications you have taken or are taking.	Medications used	Effectiveness?
List any alternative methods you have used or are using to relieve your period pain and note whether they were effective or not These may include (but are not limited to) acupuncture,	Therapies tried	Effectiveness?
chiropractic medicine, traditional Chinese medicine, biofeedback, reflexology, nutritional therapy, herbs, supplements, etc)		

Other symptoms	Your responses		
Do you experience any other symptoms?	□ Yes □ No •	Symptoms are worse during my period	
	□ Painful urination	□ Yes □ No	
	☐ Frequent urination	□ Yes □ No	
	☐ Blood in my urine	□ Yes □ No	
	☐ Headaches / migraine	□ Yes □ No	
	□ Other	□ Yes □ No	
	□ Other	□ Yes □ No	
Do you experience bloating during your periods or at other times?	□ Yes □ No	Symptoms are worse during my period	
		□ Yes □ No	
Do you experience lethargy and fatigue?	□ Yes □ No	Symptoms are worse during my period	
		☐ Yes ☐ No	
Do you have difficulty gaining or losing weight?	□ No		
	☐ Yes – gaining weight		
	☐ Yes – losing weight		

Exampl	Example daily pain journal					
Date	Day in cycle	Activities and exercise	Pain level (0 – 10)	Type and location of pain / symptoms	Duration of pain / symptoms	Meds taken / effectiveness
15 Mar	4	30 minute morning walk	3	Cramping and pressure right below belly button	2 hours	Tylenol (moderate)
				Díarrhoea after lunch		

Andrea Mankoski's painscale (used with attribution)				
0	Pain free.	No medication needed		
1	Very minor annoyance - occasional minor twinges.	No medication needed		
2	Minor annoyance - occasional strong twinges.	No medication needed		
3	Annoying enough to be distracting.	Mild painkillers are effective (ie. aspirin, ibuprofen)		
4	Can be ignored if you are really involved in your work, but still distracting.	Mild pain killers are effective for 3-4 hours		
5	Can't be ignored for more than 30 minutes.	Mild painkillers reduce pain for 3-4 hours		
6	Can't be ignored for any length of time, but you can still go to work and participate in social activities.	Stronger painkillers reduce pain for 3-4 hours (ie. Codeine, Vicodin)		
7	Makes it difficult to concentrate, interferes with sleep. You can still function with effort. Stronger painkillers are only partially effective.	Strongest painkillers relieve pain (ie. Oxycontin, Morphine)		
8	Physical activity severely limited. You can read and converse with effort. Nausea and dizziness set in as factors of pain.	Stronger painkillers are minimally effective; strongest painkillers reduce pain for 3-4 hours		
9	Unable to speak – crying out or moaning uncontrollably – near delirium.	Strongest painkillers are only partially effective		
10	Unconscious. Pain makes you pass out.	Strongest painkillers are only partially effective		

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